

ENTREPISOS

Sistema constructivo encargado de la separación horizontal de los ambientes de un edificio que se encuentran a distintos niveles.

Los entrepisos tienen dos funciones estructurales

- Transmitir las fuerzas gravitatorias y de servicio a las vigas
- Servir como diafragma rígido (elemento de repartición de fuerzas horizontales)

ENTREPISOS

LOSA MACIZA

LOSA NERVURADA

LOSA CERÁMICA

ESTRUCTURA METÁLICA

ESTRUCTURA DE MADERA

MIXTOS

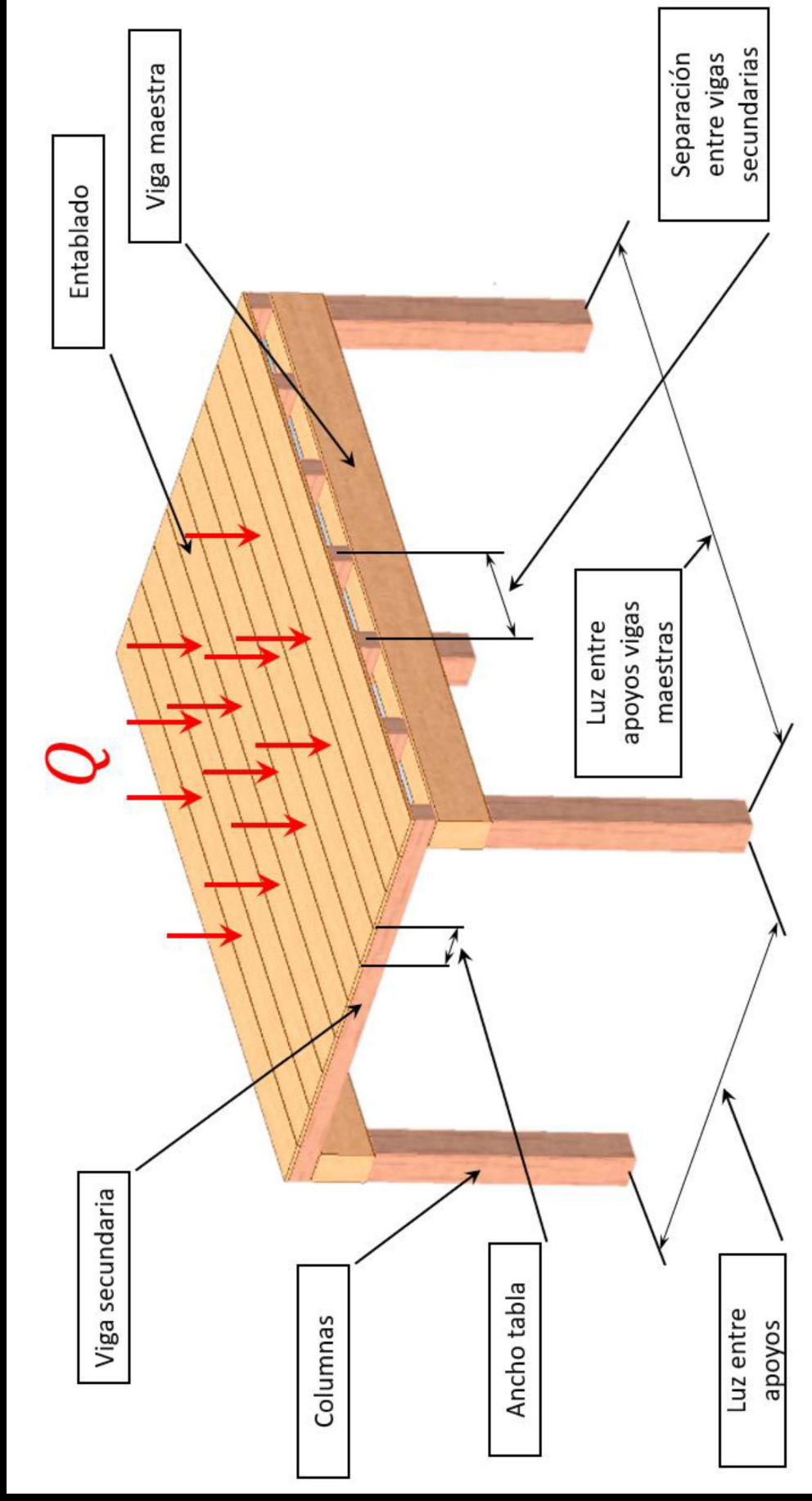
ENTREPISOS

Condición buscada: grandes luces, rigidez y bajo peso propio.

Tres elementos lo componen:

- el solado o piso
- la estructura resistente
- el cielorraso.

Partes y elementos componentes



ENTREPISO DE MADERA

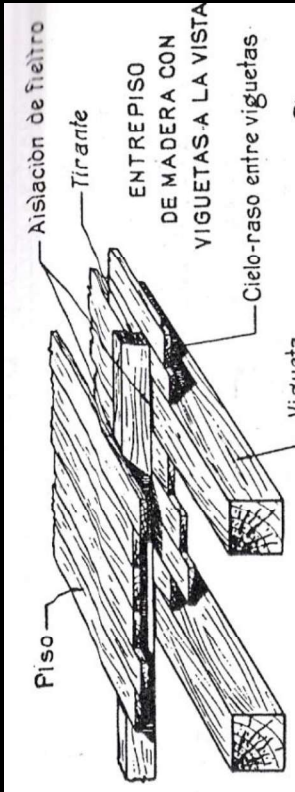


Fig. 284.

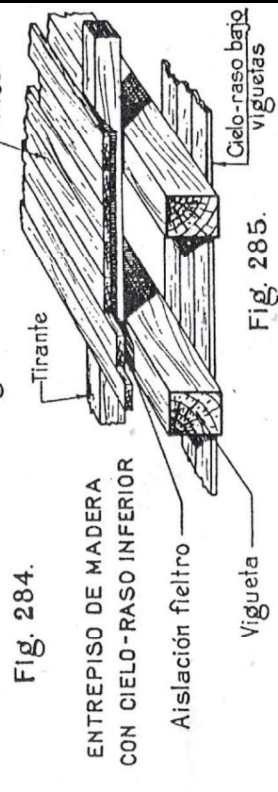


Fig. 285.

PISO SIMPLE DE TABLAS PINO-TEA

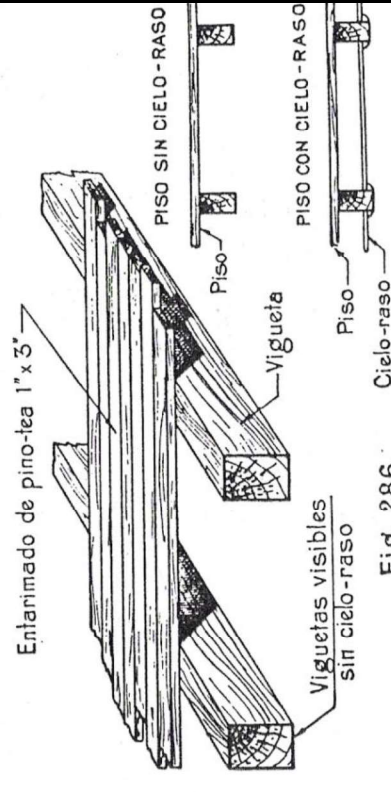


Fig. 286

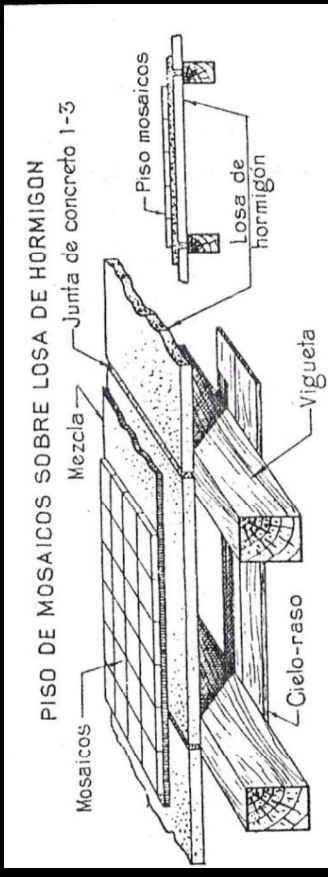


Fig. 287

PISO DE MOSAICOS SOBRE LADRILLOS

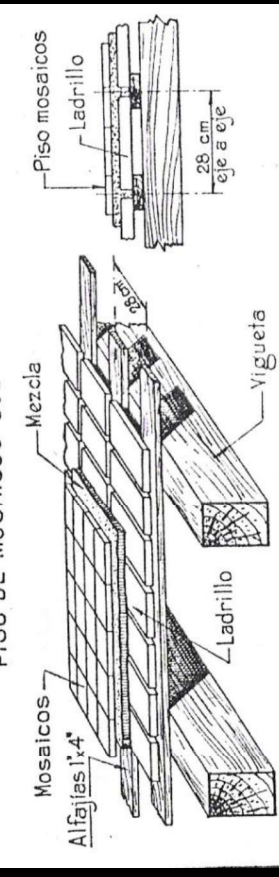


Fig. 288.

PISO DE MOSAICOS SOBRE ENTABLONADO Y CONTRAPISO DE HORMIGON

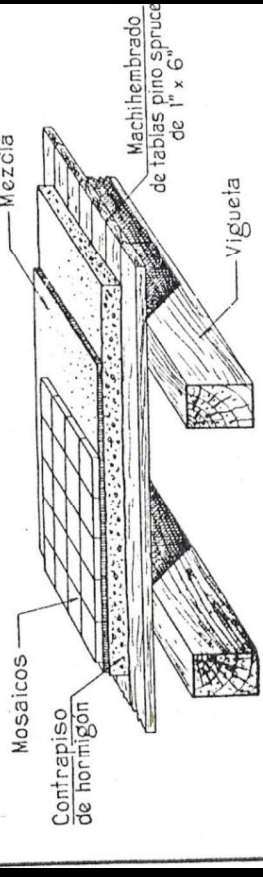
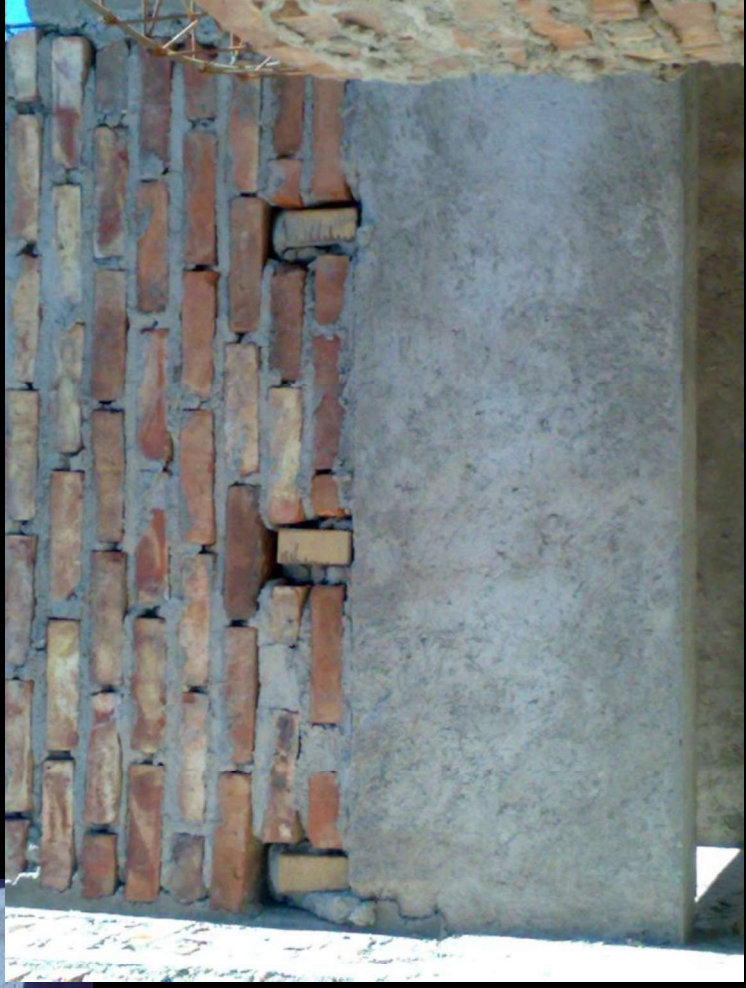
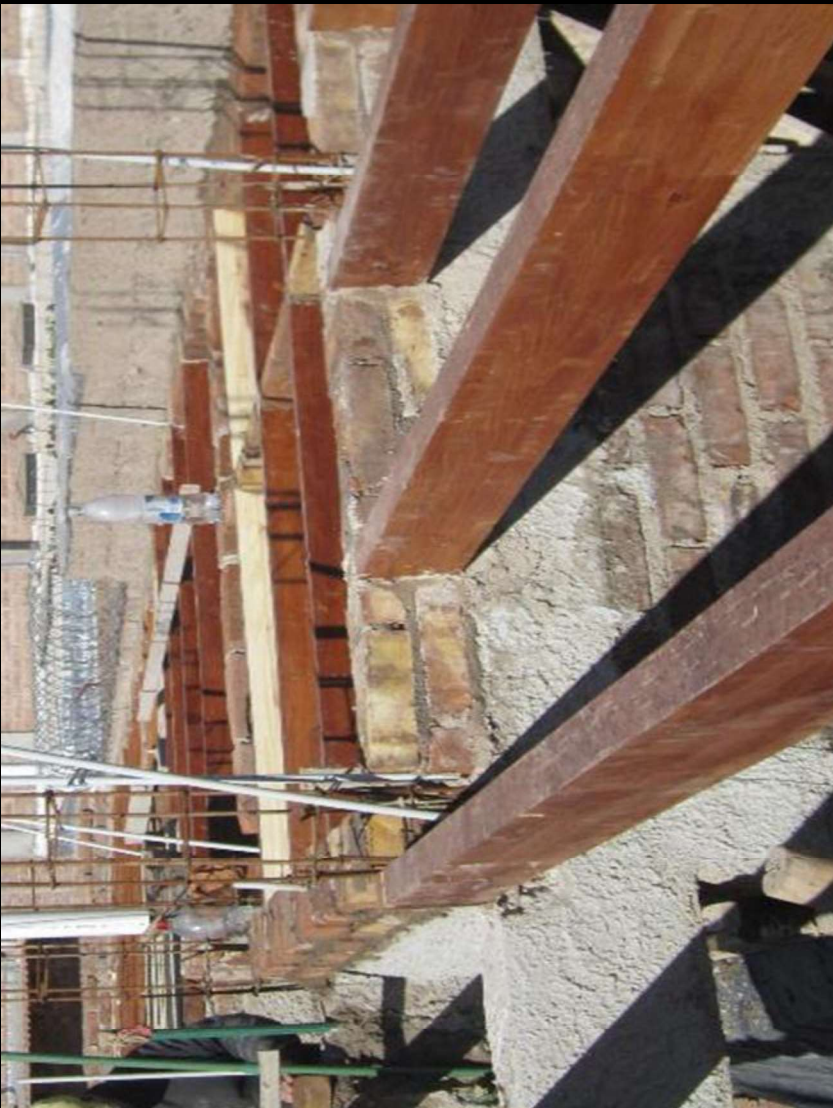


Fig. 289.



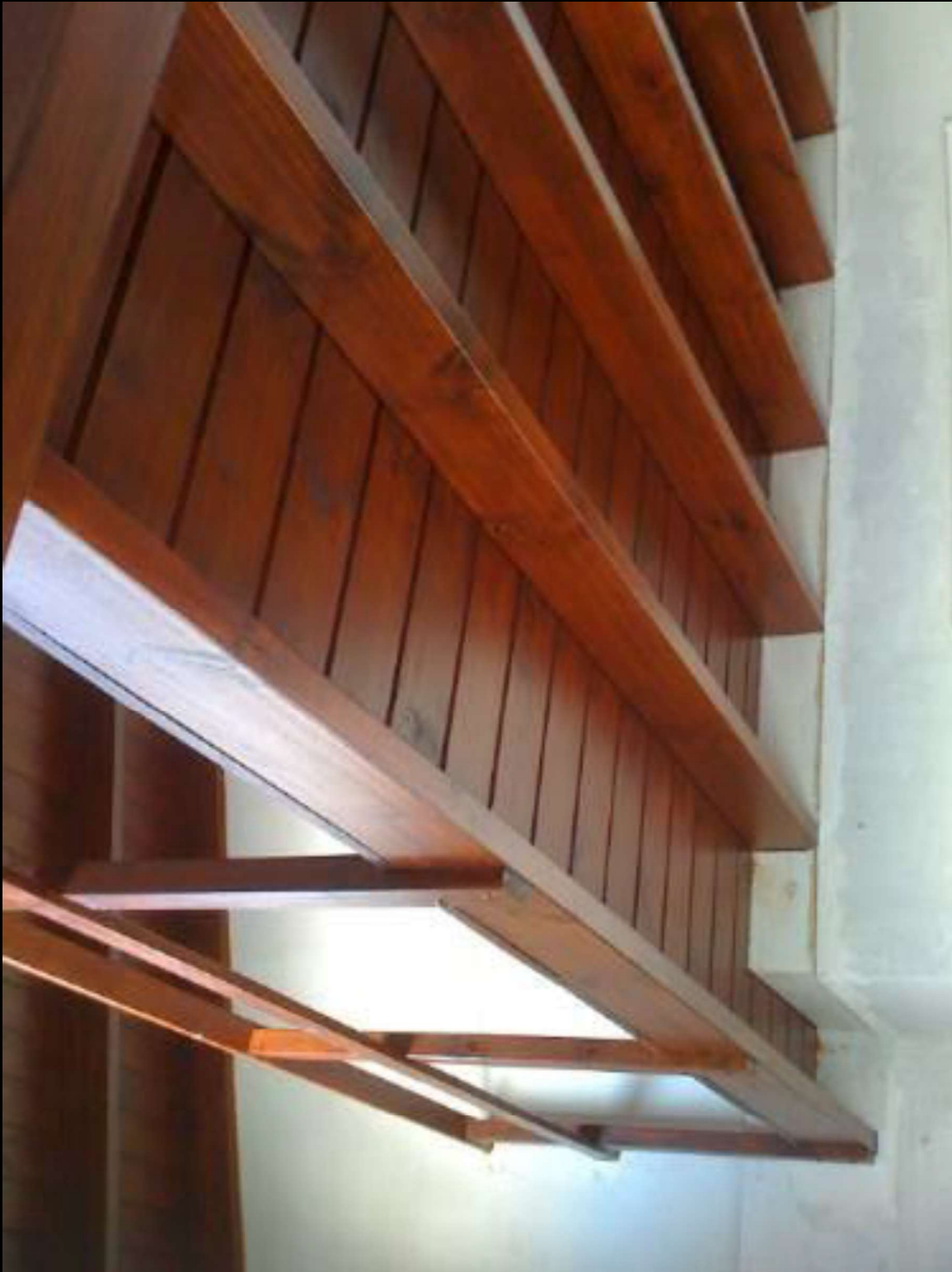
Anclajes y apoyos previstos durante la etapa de construcción







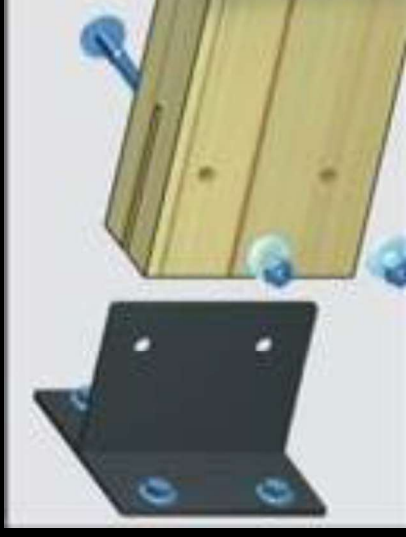
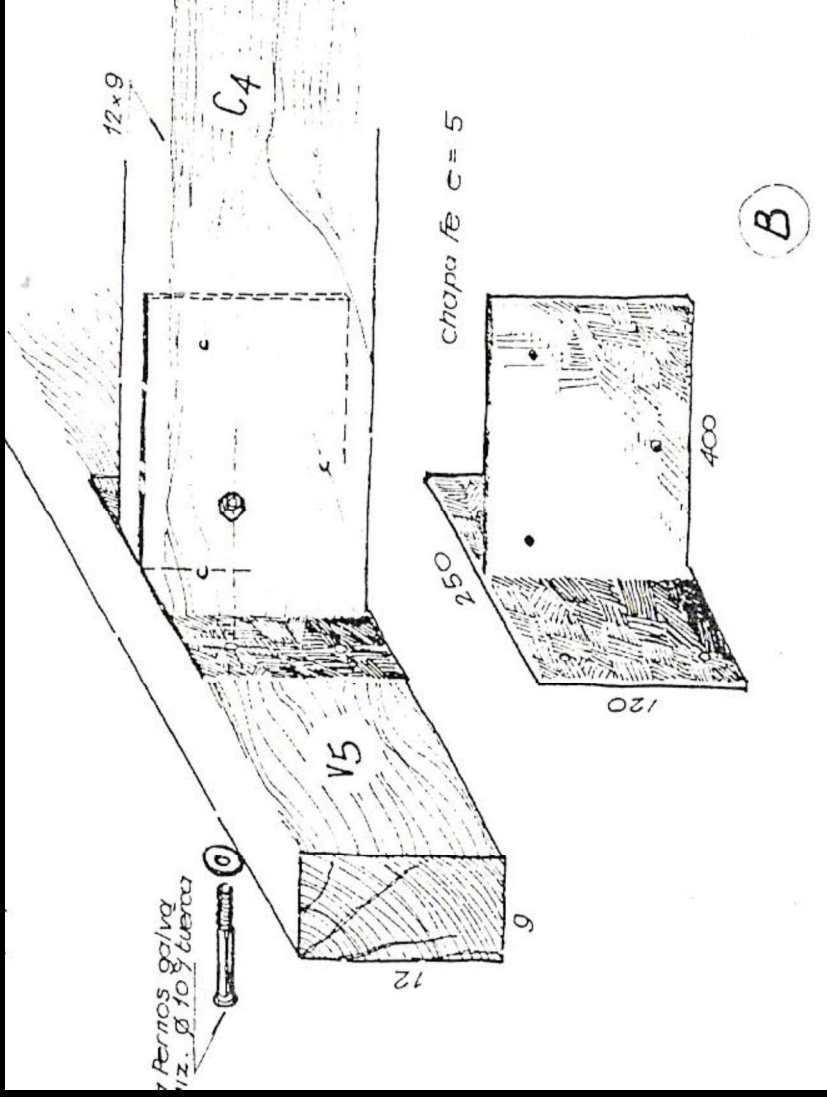




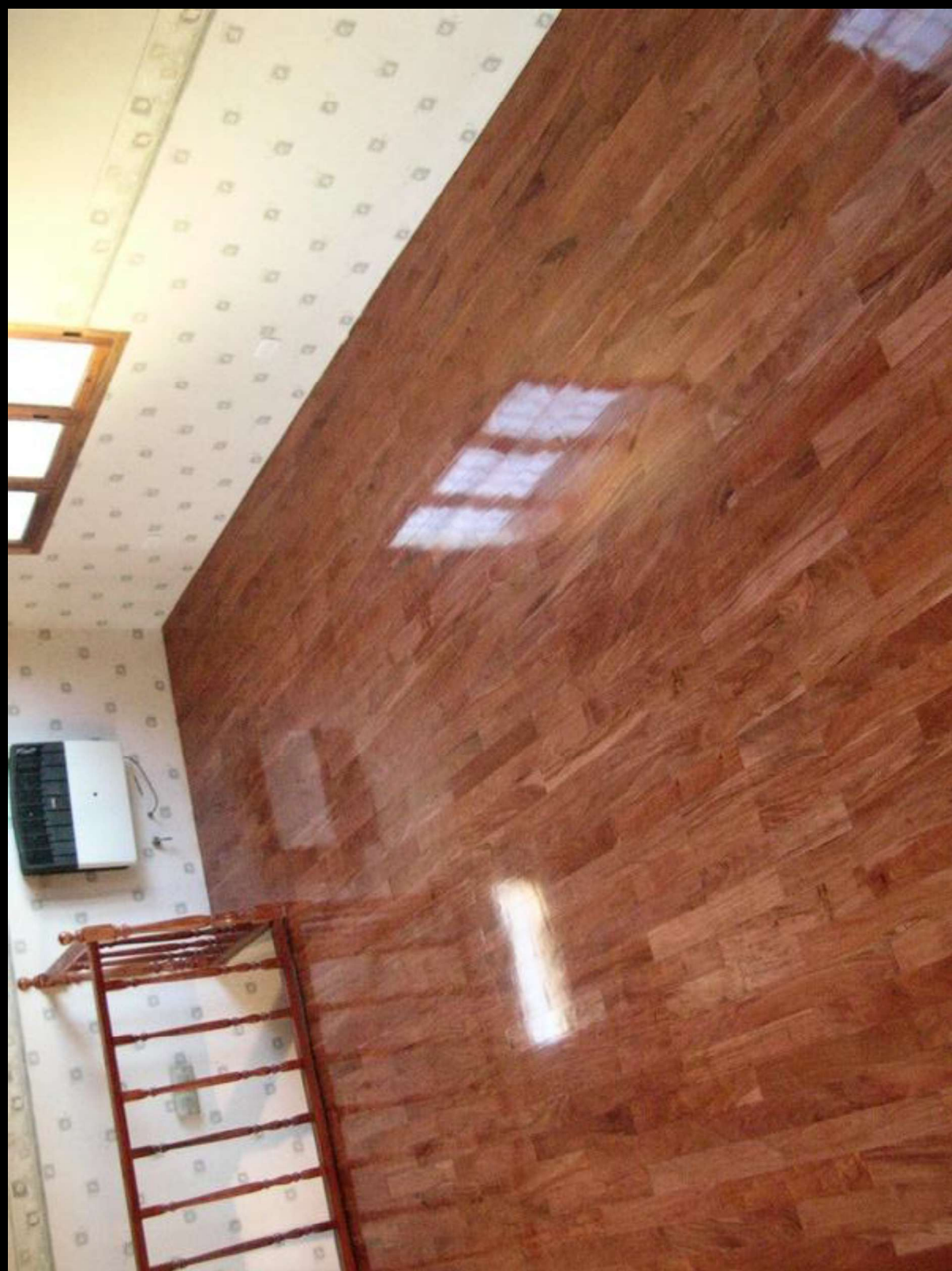
Uniones y anclajes en una segunda etapa de la construcción



UNIONES EN MADERA



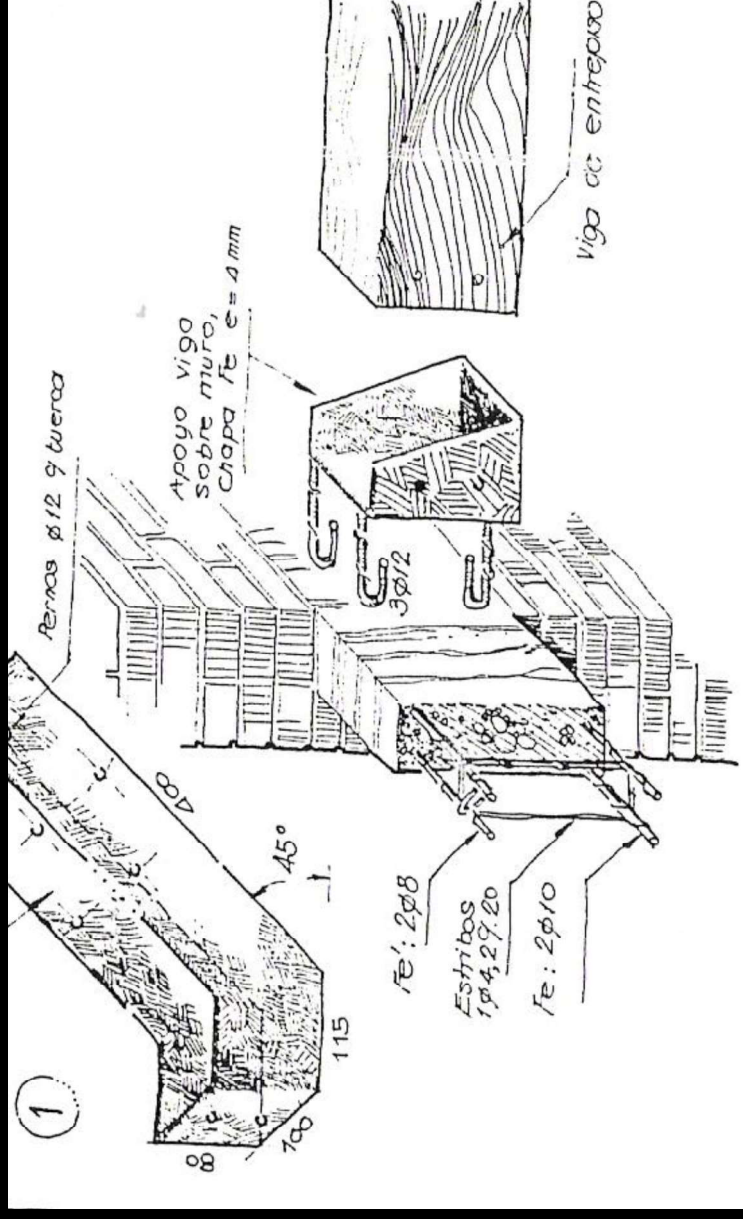






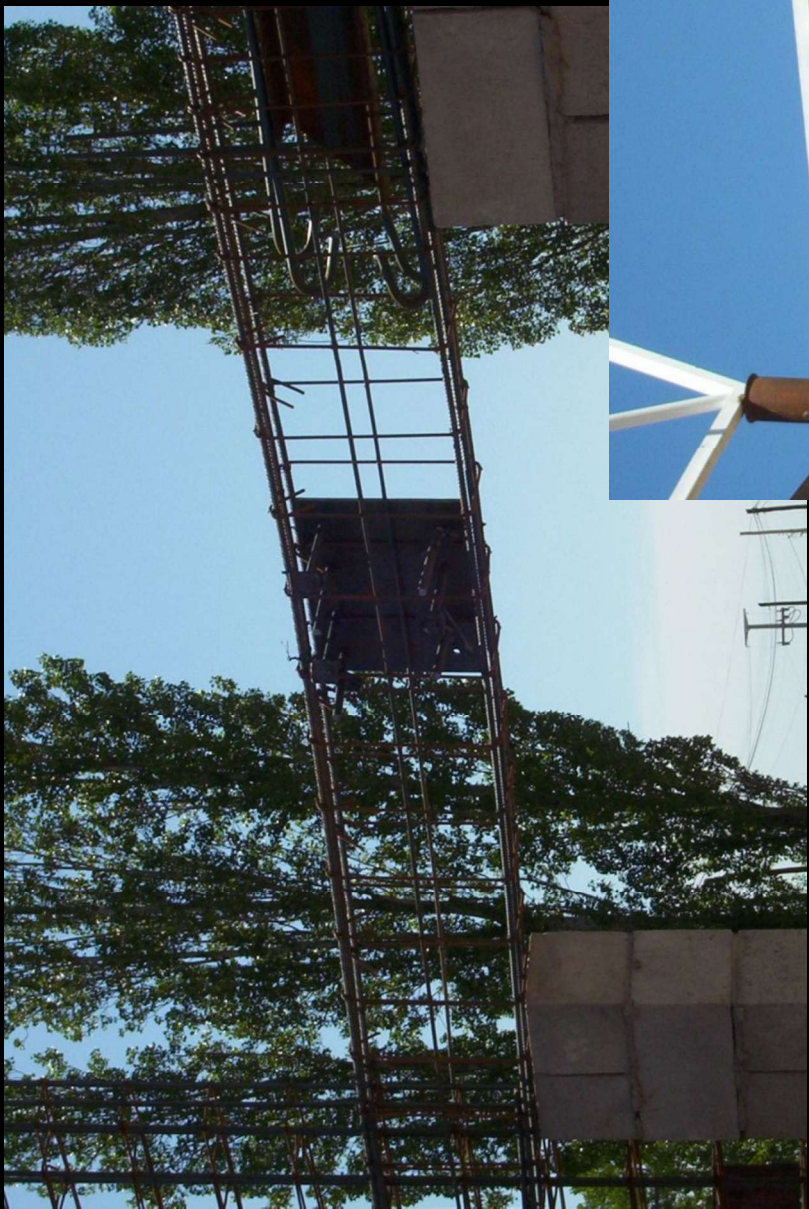


UNIONES MADERA-H°A°



PLATINAS







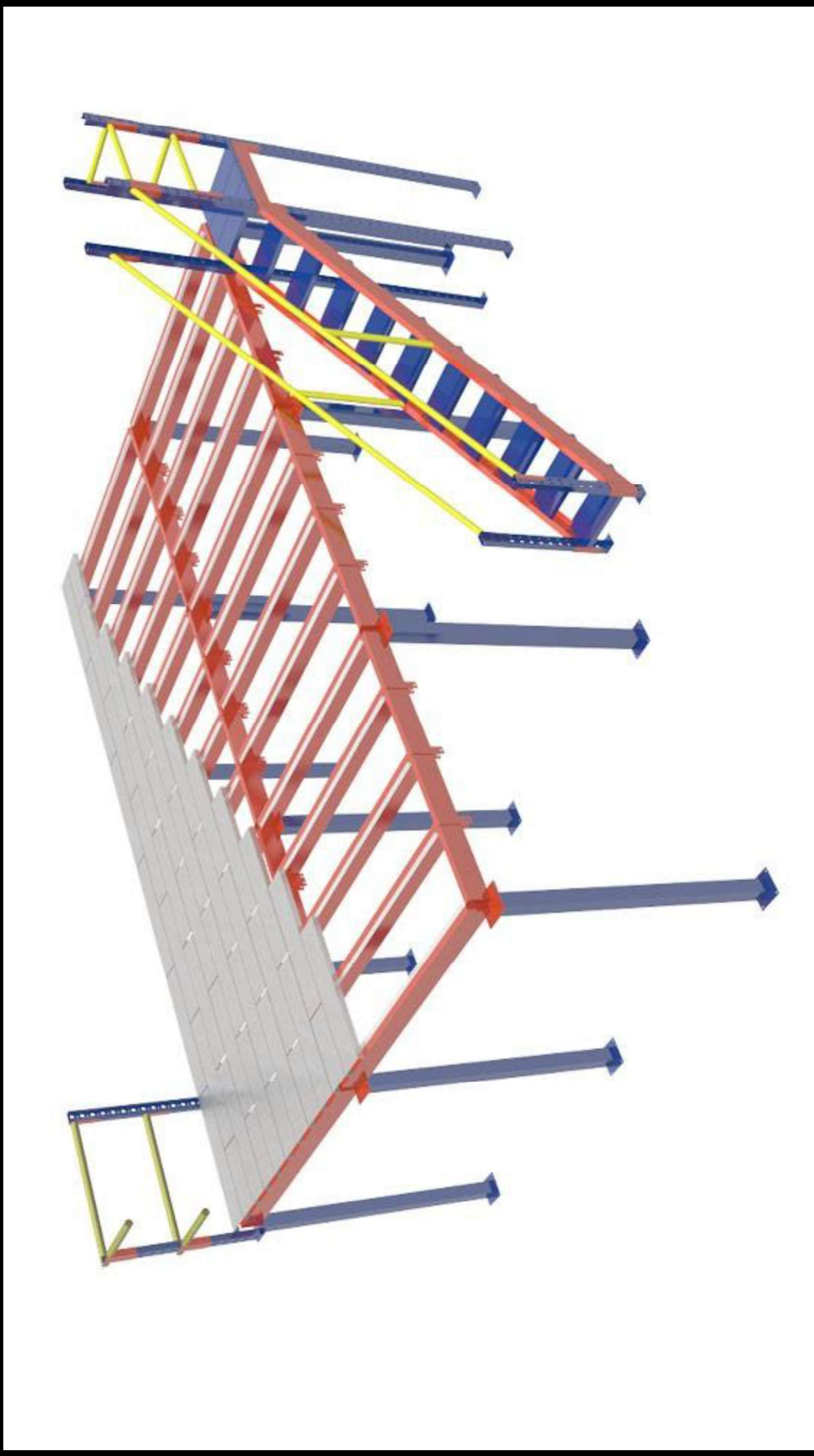


PLATINAS EN LOSAS

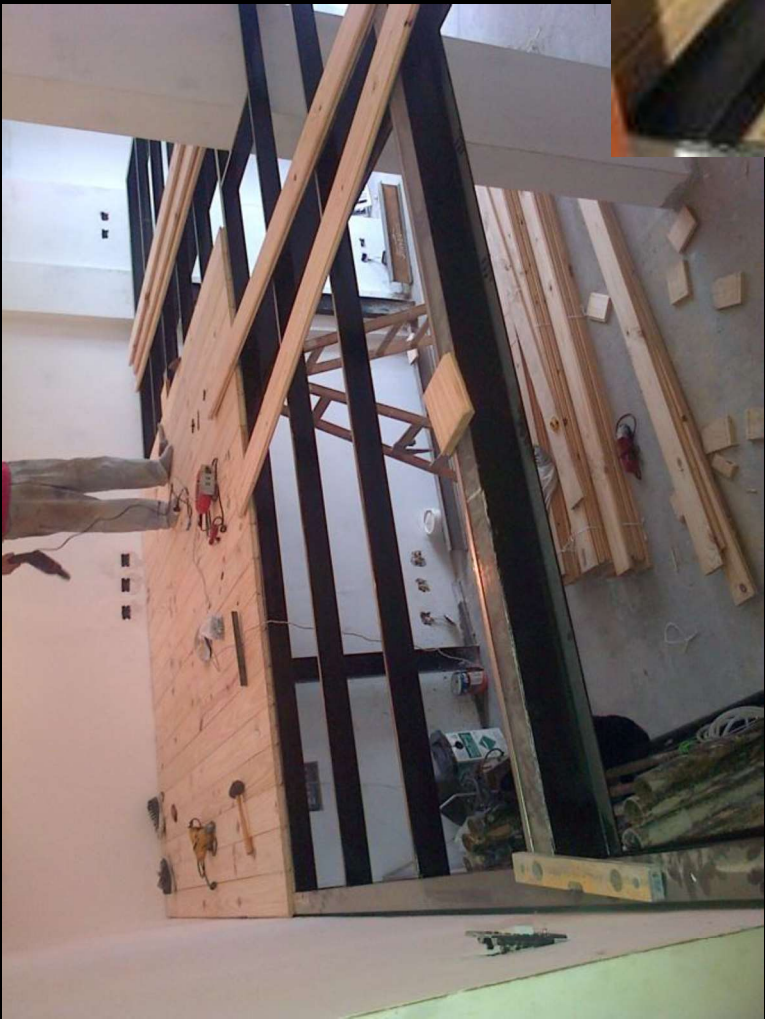


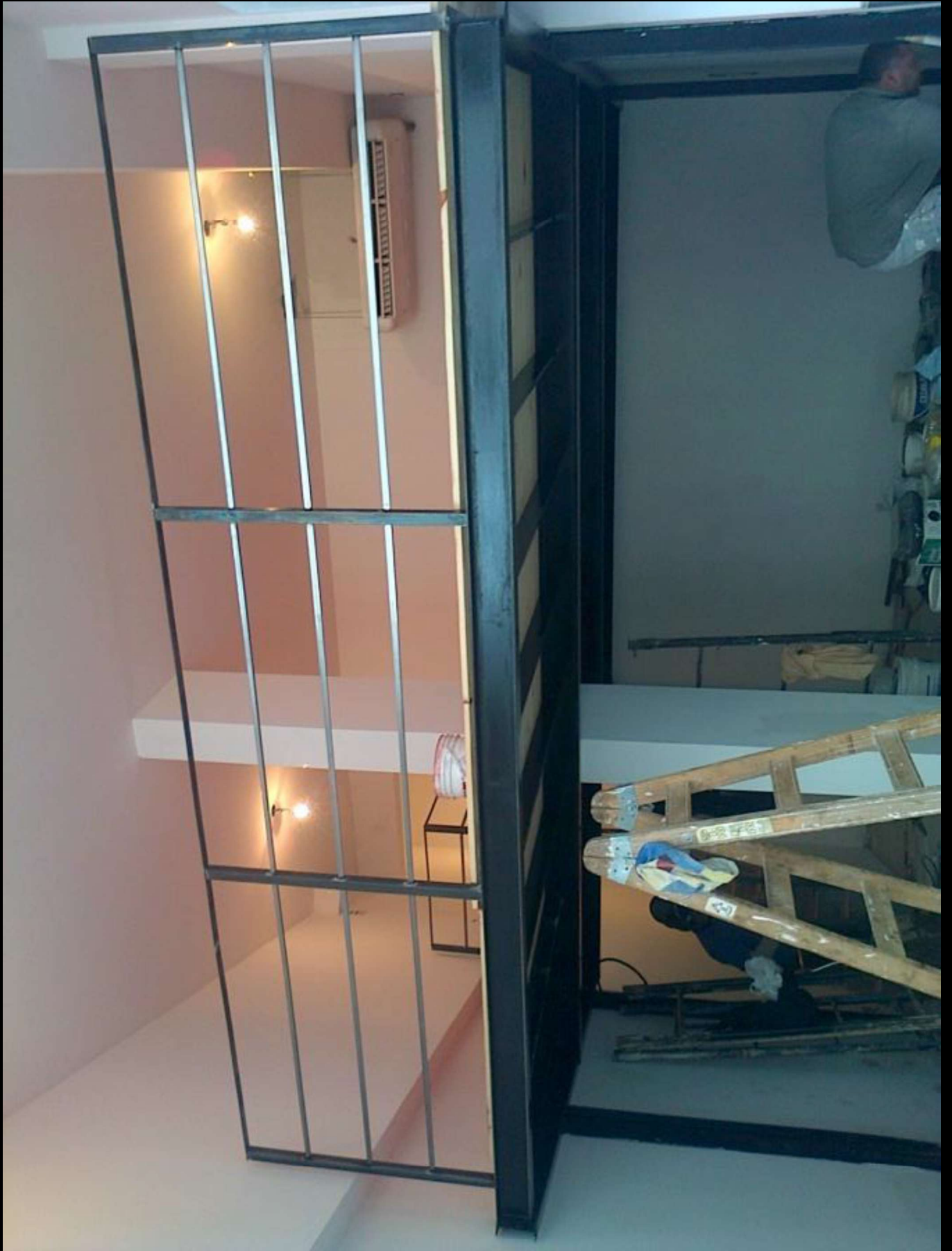


ENTREPISO METALICO

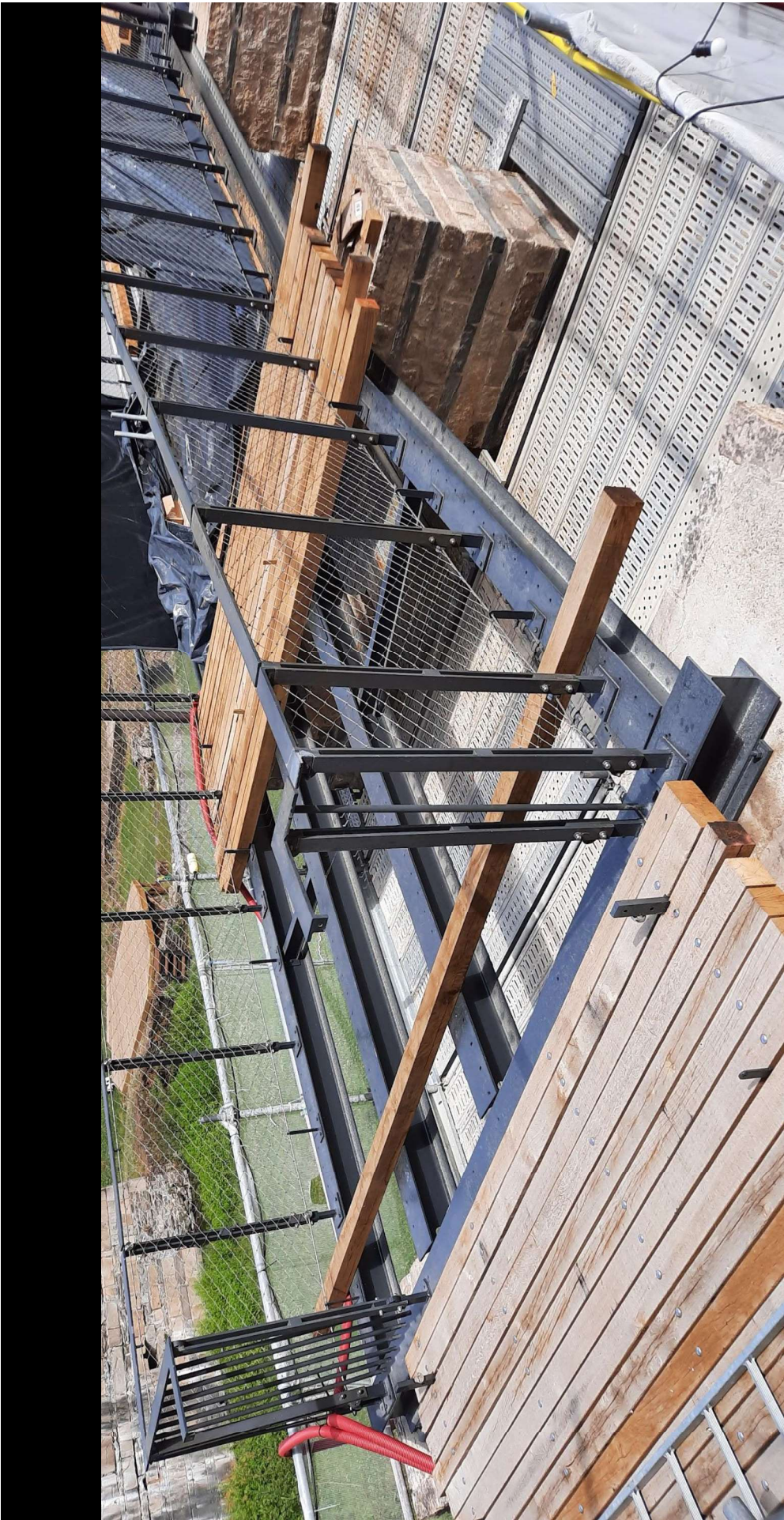


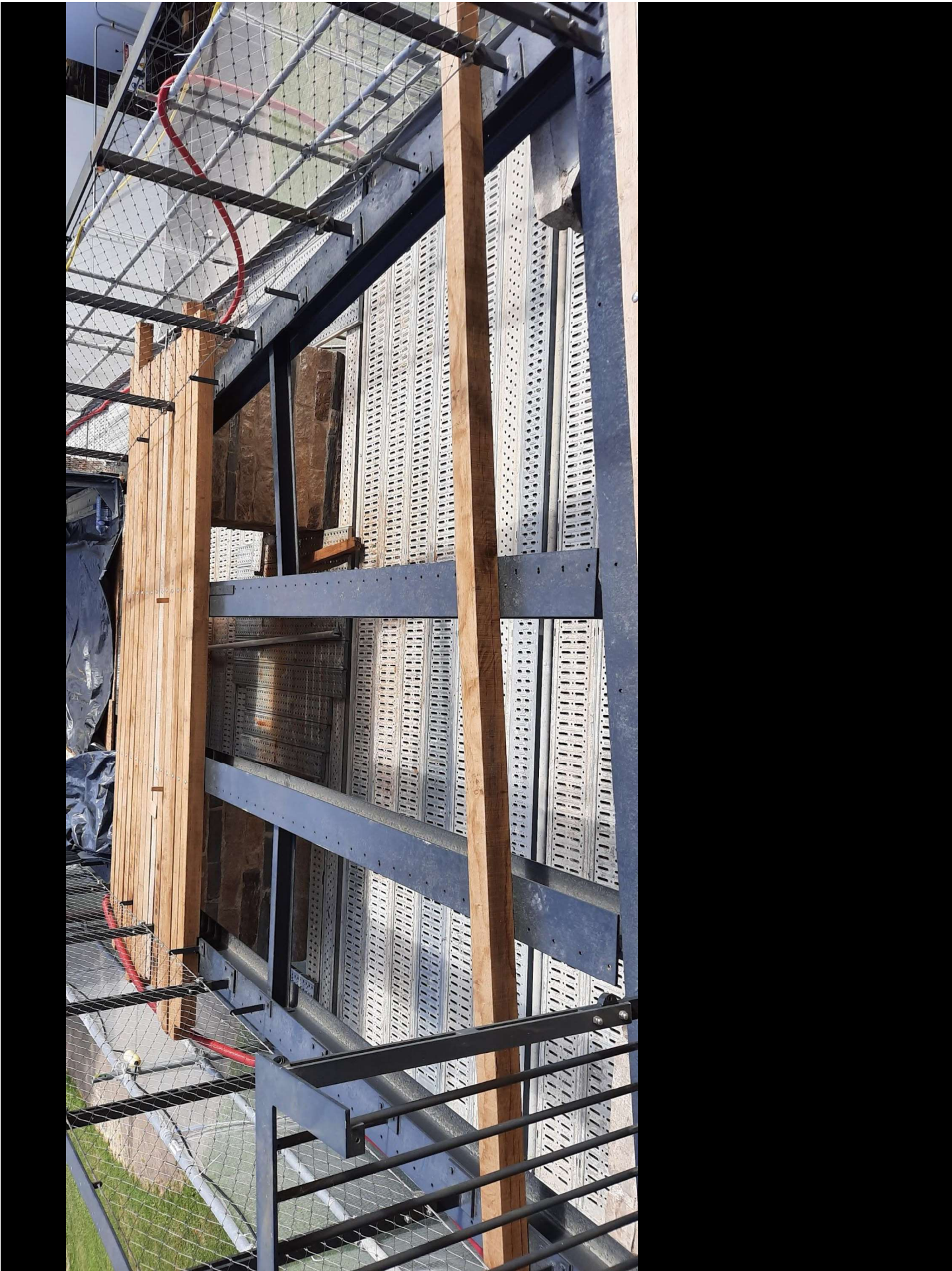




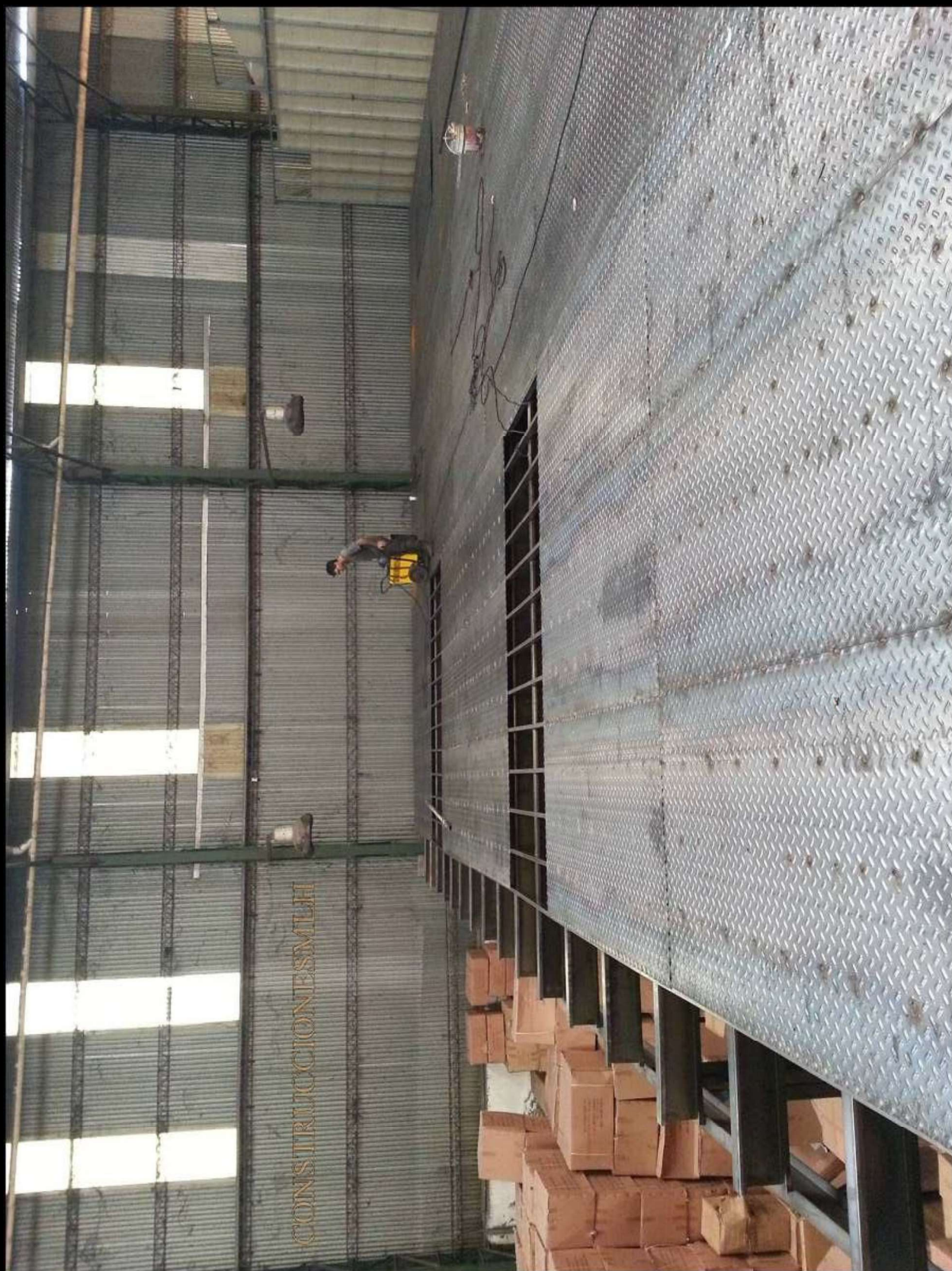




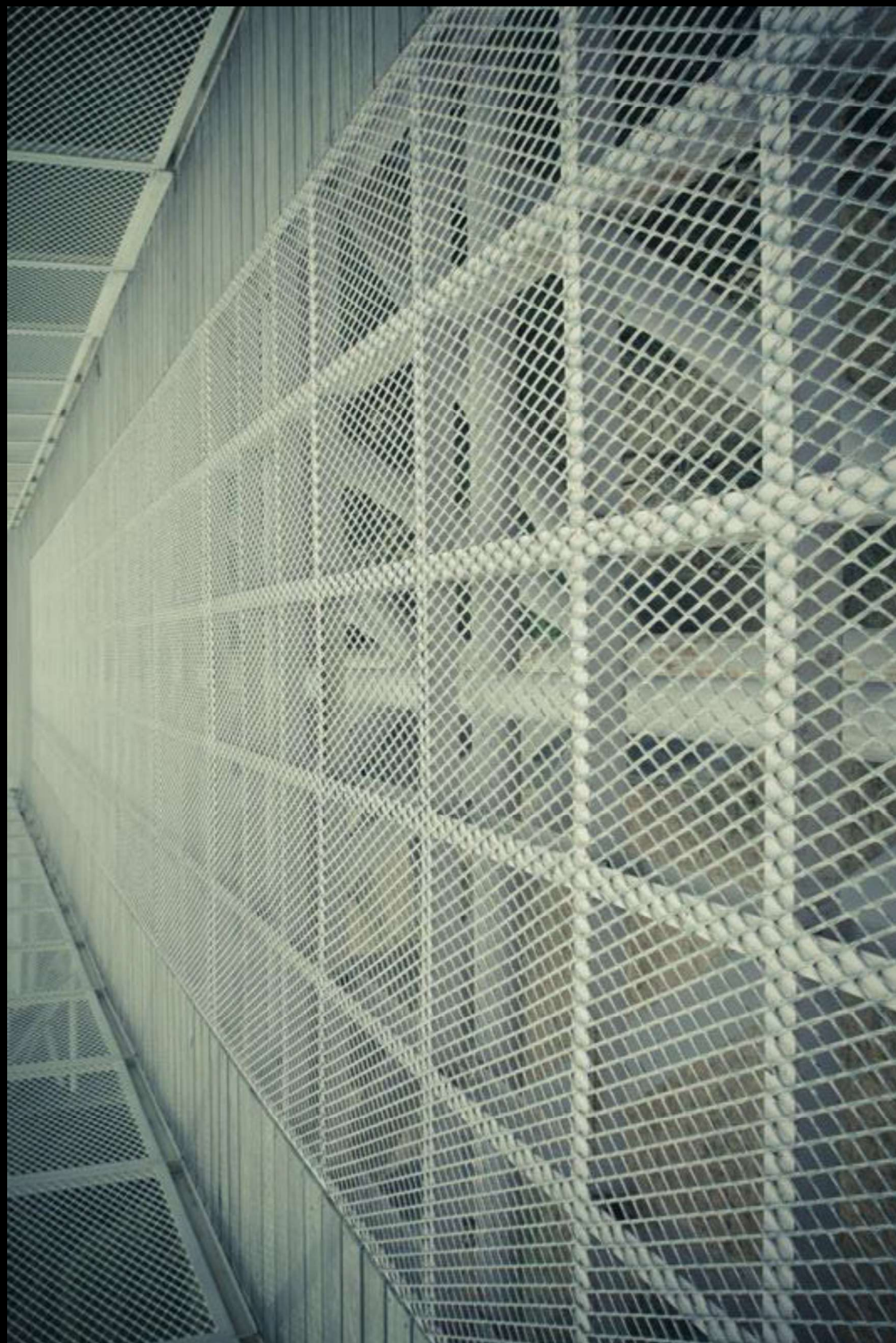














19/01/2007

ENTREPISO METALICO + H°A°



